THE
Boston-
AND
COUNTRY

Gazette,
JOURNAL.

No. 782.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

MONDAY, *April* 2, 1770.

The following is taken from the Portſmouth Gazette, *and ſhews that the People of* New-Hampſhire *have a fellow Feeling with their Brethren of* Boſton *under their Sufferings——that they are ready upon juſtifiable Occaſions to yield us ſomething more than their Pitty; and that while America affords ſuch Writers, and her Sons poſſeſs ſuch a Spirit, ſhe cannot be deceiv'd by the artful, or drove by the bloody Arm of Violence into Meaſures that muſt end in the total Deſtruction of her natural Rights and dear-bought Privileges.*

IN our obſervations on American grievances in a former Paper, we obſerved the miſery and ruin that ever attended tyranny wherever it prevailed; the horrid ſcenes of barbarity and murder committed by the tyrants of Rome; and that this would be our caſe, if tyranny prevailed in America: But little did we think our predictions would ſo ſoon be accompliſhed!—The ſtreets of BOSTON have already been bathed with the BLOOD of innocent AMERICANS!—Shed by the execrable hands of the diabolical tools of Tyrants!—O AMERICANS! this BLOOD calls loud for VENGEANCE! the cry reaches Heaven! And ought to be heard by all on earth!—We are taught by ſad experience, "Not to put confidence in man, nor in princes;" Innocence is no longer ſafe, we are now obliged to appeal to GOD, and to our ARMS for defence!—Let it be the DETERMINED RESOLUTION of every man, that a ſtanding army ſhall *never* be permitted in AMERICA, without the free conſent of the Houſe of Commons, in the province where they reſide. Standing armies have ever proved deſtructive to the Liberties of a People, and where they are ſuffered, neither Life nor property are ſecure, for the ruling Tyrant when he pleaſes can ſeize the one, and take away the other. Therefore my countrymen, let us at this important criſis, act like men, and like chriſtians; act worthy the deſcendants of our illuſtrious anceſtors, who ſuffered hunger, cold, and nakedneſs, and every hardſhip human nature is capable of, and even Death itſelf, to purchaſe a quiet habitation for themſelves and poſterity; beſides ſheding ſeas of blood in defending their country againſt their enemies. Surely 'tis beneath us, who are the poſterity of ſuch Heroes, to live when Liberty is dead! or even to ſurvive it a day!—To be a Slave, is far below the character of an ENGLISHMAN, and is even a diſgrace to human nature!

In this province, we have been tho't by ſome, to have been too cold in the American cauſe; but be aſſured, we have not beheld with indifference, the multiplied oppreſſions heaped on the Americans; the moſt flagrant violation of their Rights; the innumerable inſults offered to this brave and loyal people by the dirty minions of Tyrants: And above all, the BLOOD that has been ſhed by thoſe deteſtable wretches!—No! Our reſentment, (like Subterranean fires which burn long conceal'd) will at laſt burſt forth with a devouring irreſiſtible flame!—We receive every injury done to America, as done to ourſelves; we are all one body, and an injury done to a Member, is equally an inſult to the whole. Therefore the blood ſhed at Boſton, is the blood of America! and it equally concerns all America to defend the town; to ſee that their grievances are redreſſed, their injuries and loſſes compenſated. No compenſation can be made for the lives that have been loſt, but there may be for their loſſes otherways; and all America is bound in duty and intereſt to ſee that it be done.

As the Maſſachuſetts Houſe of Commons is now ſitting, we truſt that illuſtrious Aſſembly, will grant ſome relief to Boſton; and we hope our King and his parliament, will do themſelves the HONOR, and Boſton the JUSTICE, amply to compenſate them for their unparallelled injuries & aggravated ſufferings.

Whatever Acts may be repealed, let us not reſt ſatisfied until compenſation has been made for the injuries we have received; and Great-Britain gives up all pretenſions to a right to tax us, and eſpecially diſavows any right to keep a ſtanding army in the colonies without their conſent. As this violation of our conſtitution has already been attended with the moſt alarming and horrid conſequences, we expect that every Houſe of Commons in America, will RESOLVE, "That if ever a ſtanding army ſhould again be ſent into the colonies, and ſhould refuſe obedience to the civil authority where they reſide, they ſhall be deemed enemies and traitors."

What an affront and mortification, it muſt be to an Engliſhman, whoſe Liberty is juſtly dearer to him than life, when he is inſulted and abuſed by the ſoldiery, and the hearts blood of his countrymen ſhed by them, is running in the ſtreets! to be told by the KING's Repreſentative, the Captain-General of the province, "That he has no authority over the troops to order them out of town, but he will requeſt the military officer to take care of his men."—O ſhocking Thought! That the ſupreme authority of the land ſhould be trampled on by a lawleſs army, and the firſt magiſtrate in the province, become a humble petitioner to a Lieutenant Colonel of a Regiment, "That he would be graciouſly pleaſed to remove his Soldiers before all the Inhabitants are murdered!"—This wants a Name!—!—This will leave a ſtain of infamy on the preſent Adminiſtration, which all the Revolutions of time will never efface!—In theſe circumſtances, I aſk, in the name of reaſon, "*Where is our Engliſh Liberty?*"—This is a ſtate of Slavery to perfection! Not one ray of Freedom remains, nor even the ſhadow of a ſhade!---

CONSIDERATION.

New-Hampſhire, March 12, 1770.

At a Meeting of the Town of Plimouth, *regularly aſſembled and held at the Court-Houſe in* Plimouth, *on Monday the 26th Day of* March, *A. D.* 1770, *by Adjournment from the 8th Current.*

The Committee appointed to take into Conſideration that Paragraph in the Warrant, reſpecting our public Affairs, and the Non-importation of European Goods, reported to the Town as follows.

EVERY Man, not deſtitute of the principles of freedom and independance, and that has ſenſibility eno' to feel the glow of patriotiſm, muſt at this time be ſtrongly impreſſed with a ſenſe of the miſeries of this country in general, and of the town of Boſton in particular, where a military force has for ſome time been ſtationed, to aid and ſupport laws deſigned to ſubvert the liberties of Engliſh ſubjects in America, and more effectually to anſwer the purpoſe to begin by ſuppreſſing that ſpirit of freedom which has at all times diſtinguiſhed that town, in a manner that will not only ſecure them the applauſe of the preſent age, in ſpite of the malevolence of placemen and penſioners, and all their adherents; but tranſmit their character and conduct down to poſterity in the faithful pages of impartial hiſtory, in the moſt illuſtrious view, there to ſtand as a monument of admiration to poſterity, of their unparallelled firmneſs and diſintereſtedneſs in the cauſe of their country. When the names of their enemies however dignified now by titles of diſtinction, ſhall be reſcued from oblivion only to perpetuate their infamy. And their poſterity, notwithſtanding the exceſſive emoluments now enjoyed by their anceſtors, at the expence of humanity and every tender feeling, ſhall be undiſtinguiſhed and neglected. Afflicted with theſe ſentiments, and influenced by the principles of gratitude and juſtice to the merits of their brethren of the town of Boſton in general, and of the reſpectable merchants there in particular. And willing to contribute all in their power to ſupport them in their laudable purpoſe of repelling Tyranny and Oppreſſion, and eſtabliſhing thoſe rights for themſelves and country, which they are entitled to as Men and Engliſhmen.

The Inhabitants of the Town of Plimouth, *aſſembled at their annual Meeting, do Vote,*

Firſt, That the thanks of this Town be given to the town of Boſton, for the firm and ſpirited oppoſition they have made to the attempts of tyranny and oppreſſion to enſlave us at the expence of their intereſt and their blood, and to expreſs the ſenſibility of this town, on occaſion of the late horrid ſcene, exhibitted in the butchery of their citizens, which we conſider as a mark among many others, of the reſentment of our enemies againſt them, for their ſteady regard to the Rights of their country. And to aſſure them that we will at all times aſſiſt them, in all vigorous and conſtitutional meaſures they ſhall adopt for the preſervation of our common rights. And that we will ſtand or fall with them in the defence thereof.

Secondly, That we will at all times ſupport and encourage the Non-importation agreement of the Merchants, and hold in the higheſt deteſtation thoſe who continue audaciouſly to import, contrary to ſaid agreement, and all that are connected with them: And that we will encourage frugality, induſtry, and the manufactures of this country, and diſcourage the uſe of foreign ſuperfluities; particularly that of foreign tea, ſo pernicious to the health, as well as the intereſt of this country.

Thirdly, That a Committee of Inſpection be choſe to enquire from time to time, if any perſon among us ſhall directly or indirectly, trade or be concerned with the very few who now ſtand recorded by a Vote of the town of Boſton of the 2d Inſtant, as prefering their own to the public advantage of their country, by taking advantage of the generous ſelf-denial of their fellow-citizens, and continuing to import goods. And alſo to enquire if any perſon, by land or water, ſhall bring into this town, goods that were purchaſed of any of them, and to expoſe all ſuch perſons, if any there be, to the view of the public, and particularly to report their names to the next May meeting of this town.

Fourthly, That the Town-Clerk be directed to tranſmit a copy of theſe Votes to the Select-Men of the Town of Boſton.

Then a Vote was called, to know if the Town will accept ſaid Report. It paſſed in the Affirmative unanimouſly. *A true Copy of Record.*

Atteſt. EPHm. SPOONER, Town-Clerk.

The Town of *Pembroke*, at their annual Meeting in March 1770, having taken into conſideration the melancholy and diſtreſſing ſtate of the Continent, and eſpecially this Province, ariſing from the Revenue Acts with the indiſcreet and rigorous execution of them, as alſo the many inſults and abuſes brought on the Town of *Boſton* in particular, in conſequence hereof with whom we condole the late horrid Maſſacre committed there by ſome Soldiers, have alſo a feeling in all their ſufferings while we admire and applaud their firmneſs.

Vote 1ſt. THAT we look upon the non-importation ſcheme entered into by the body of Merchants, &c. as a meaſure very ſalutary on ſeveral accounts and neceſſary at this time, and that our thanks be given to the ſaid Merchants for their conſtancy, vigilance and repeated efforts to render the meaſure effectual.

Vote 2*dly*. We look on thoſe who diſſent from the body of Merchants in the above ſcheme as men unfriendly to liberty, injurious to their country, and in effect enemies to their own real intereſt, as having forfeited juſtly the confidence and eſteem of their countrymen, and brought on themſelves a general odium, the bad effects of which they may be ſenſible of too late.

Vote 3*dly*. And whereas Union and Harmony have been often and juſtly recommended as very neceſſary and ſerviceable in our preſent critical and dangerous ſituation, we hereby declare our hearty approbation of the meaſures in general hitherto taken, and as on a former ſpecial occaſion we were ready to aſſiſt by way of advice according to our ability, ſo we ſhall be always ready to countenance and aſſiſt the Merchants and other inhabitants of Boſton, in all the open and juſtifiable methods that may be ſtill thought neceſſary to ſecure publick liberty, and to preſerve from ruin a ſinking country.

Vote 4*thly*. We cannot but obſerve that during the late conteſt the Maſſachuſets, and eſpecially the town of Boſton have borne the greateſt ſhare in the common calamities, and have been marked as the principal object of reſentment, with ſome in high ſtation, for no other reaſon that we can imagine, but becauſe their good ſenſe and virtue, their ſteady attachment to, and intrepid reſolution in defence of the noble cauſe, hath rendered them one of the principle bulwarks of American liberty.—May Boſton revive and again lift up her drooping head, may ſhe retain her ancient virtue, recover her former luſtre, and in ages yet to come, ſhine as the capitol of Britiſh America.

Atteſt. JOHN TURNER, *Town-Clerk.*

For the Benefit of Mr. ASBY,
On FRIDAY the 6th of April,
Will be performed at Concert-Hall,
A Grand Concert
Of Vocal and Inſtrumental MUSIC.
To which will be added, a CANTATA, called,
CYMON & IPHIGENIA,
In the Character of a Clown, by Mr. *Aſby.*
TICKETS (at Half a Dollar each) to be had of the Printers, Meſſrs. Cox & Berry oppoſite the Poſt-Office, Mr. Sharwin's, Sadler, and of Mr Aſby in King-Steet.
N. B. To begin at Seven o'Clock, P. M.

POT & PEARL ASH.
CASH given for Merchantable POTT and PEARL ASH, inferior Qualities of Pott-Aſh, and Black Salts,
BY
Smith & Atkinſon,
At their Store, in King-Street——lately improved by RICHARD SMITH.
N. B. A ſmall Aſſortment of Engliſh Goods, (imported before the late Agreements of the Merchants,) to be Sold by Wholeſale, very low for Caſh or ſhort Credit.

ALL Perſons indebted to, or that have any Demands on the Eſtate of Mr. *George Jefferds*, late of *Boſton*, Sugar-Refiner, deceas'd, are deſir'd to bring their Account to *Hannah Jefferds*, Adminiſtratrix, in Order for a ſpeedy Settlement. *Boſton, March* 30, 1770.

ALL Perſons indebted to, & that have any Demands on the Eſtate of Capt. John Lyall, late of Boſton, Mariner, deceaſed, are deſired immediately to ſettle the ſame with Elizabeth Kinlock, Adminiſtratrix, on ſaid Eſtate.

TO BE SOLD,
A HOUSE and Land in Marlboro'gh-Street, now in the Poſſeſſion of JOHN GOOCH, Eſq; Enquire of JOHN GOOCH, Jun. at Vernon's Head, King-ſtreet.

D pa. 60. & more eſpecially molaſſ. Act ſee pa. 9. Vol. 2 — Tea Act ſee pa. 735 Vol. 1. &c. (1) Turn to Index Vol. 2 to Find agree, (2) ſee their names pa. 69.

// Thoſe murdered by Richardſon pa. 50 and the Soldiers pa. 60. & And too much reaſon to think ſo ✓ vid Page 61.
* vid. Page 69 ~~ vid declaratory Act pa. 792. Vol. 1. ? vid. Arrival of Fleet &c. pa. 263. Vol. 2.

By the Brig Rainbow, arrived at Baltimore, Maryland, from Cork, we have the following Advices.

LONDON, January 9.

The humble ADDRESS of the Right Hon. the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament assembled.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in parliament assembled, return your Majesty our humble thanks for your most gracious Speech from the throne.

We beg leave to assure your Majesty, that it is with the greatest concern we have understood, that the distemper among the horned cattle has lately broke out in this kingdom. We desire to express our gratitude for your Majesty's paternal care and attention to the welfare of your people, in the steps which it has pleased your Majesty to take, with the advice of your Privy Council, to check the instant danger of the spreading the distemper, upon the first notice of its appearance; and to assure your Majesty, that we will immediately enter into the most serious consideration of this very important object, and will exert our utmost endeavours in taking such effectual measures, as may secure us against so great a calamity.

We return your Majesty our thanks for the repeated assurances your Majesty has been pleased to give us, of your fixed purpose to preserve the peace; maintaining, at the same time, the dignity of your crown, and the interests of your people. We have a dutiful sense of your Majesty's provident attention to prevent the necessity of involving your subjects in fresh difficulties, after the great burthens to which they so chearfully submitted, in order to bring the late war to a happy conclusion; and we have great satisfaction in finding, that the assurances given to your Majesty by the other great powers of Europe afford reason to believe, that, without prejudice either to the honour of your crown, the rights of your people, or the general interests of Europe, it may still be in your Majesty's power to continue to your subjects the farther enjoyment of the blessings of peace.

We assure your Majesty, that we will take into our most serious consideration the state of your government in America. We beg leave to express our utmost concern, that the success of your Majesty's endeavours to bring back your subjects there to a just sense of lawful authority, have not answered your Majesty's expectations. We shall be ready to give every assistance in our power, for rendering effectual these your Majesty's gracious intentions, and for discountenancing those unwarrantable measures practised in some of your Majesty's colonies, which appear calculated to destroy the commercial connection between them and the mother country. (1)

We think it our duty to assure your Majesty, that we are thoroughly sensible, that the welfare of your people has ever been the object of your wishes, and the rule of all your actions; and that we will endeavour to deserve the favourable opinion, which your Majesty is graciously pleased to express, of our being governed by the same principles. That we have a perfect reliance on your Majesty's promised support in such measures, as may serve to promote those ends. That as it is peculiarly incumbent upon us at present, to avoid heats and animosities among ourselves, so we shall endeavour to cultivate that harmony, which is so necessary to the common cause, and which alone can render our deliberations respectable and effectual; being fully persuaded, that such a conduct, on our part, must greatly contribute to the happiness and prosperity of this country, and to establish a due sense of the very distinguished advantages of our happy constitution, as well as a firm attachment to it; and must justify, both at home and abroad, your Majesty's gracious confidence in the wisdom of your parliament, and in their zeal for the interests of your people.

His Majesty's most gracious Answer.

My Lords,

I thank you for this affectionate and loyal address. Your resolution to enter immediately into the consideration of such measures as may best secure us against the spreading of the distemper among the horned cattle, affords me great satisfaction.

I have strong reliance on your determinations to give me every assistance in your power to support my government in America.

Your assurances of duty and loyalty towards me, and your resolution to cultivate harmony amongst yourselves, give me very sincere pleasure.

The humble Address of the House of Commons to the King, being much in Substance with the foregoing, we omit it, saving the following Paragraph relative to America, viz.

We sincerely lament, that your Majesty's endeavours to bring back your subjects in America to a just sense of their duty, have hitherto proved so little successful. The state of your Majesty's government there does undoubtedly well deserve the serious attention of parliament; and no endeavours shall be wanting on our part, to make effectual provisions against the unwarrantable measures carried on in some of your Majesty's colonies, which are so irreconcileable to every principle of commercial subserviency to the interest of the mother country that ought to prevail in colonies, and which, by attempting to subject the highest legal authority to the controul of individuals, tend to subvert the foundation of all government.

LONDON,

Jan. 12. The names of the following lords will be revered from the 9th instant to the latest posterity, as friends to the British constitution, and asserters of the rights of their fellow-subjects; The Dukes of Richmond, Portland, Manchester and Northumberland. The Marquis of Rockingham. The Earls of Suffolk, Stamford, Abingdon, Scarborough, Albemarle, Tamkerville, Aylesford, Macclesfield, Effingham, Buckinghamshire, Fitzwilliams, Temple, Radnor and Chatham. The Viscount Torrington, The Lords Abergavenny, Byron, Craven, Boyle, Trevor, King, Monson, Chedworth, Edgecumbe, Fortesque, Ponsonby, Lyttleton, Wycombe, Grosvenor, Milton, Camden.

The odds on Tuesday were 89 to 36, and 254 to 138.

It is said that Lords Temple, Lyttleton, the Marquis of Granby, and Mr. Greenville, have had very frequent conferences with the Earl of Chatham.

A person of great eminence in the law has joined the minority, as has also another great lawyer.

It is said that a certain military commander of the highest rank, who has ever been deservedly a favorite with the people, has joined the minority, and declared, that "he shall ever look upon his conduct, during the last year, as the most reproachful æra of his life."

Jan. 13. It was the fullest House of Commons on Tuesday last that ever was known on the first day of a session in the memory of man. It exceeded in number of members above forty of any first day in the most busy times of Sir Robert Walpole.

The Duke of N——d taking part against the M——y is matter of astonishment equally to both parties

The Duke of Manchester has resigned his place as Lord of the bed-chamber; but we have not yet learnt who is to succeed him.

The public is rejoiced to hear that a first Minister and the Earl of C——m are of the same opinion, with respect to the disputes in America.

It is now certain that an officer of the law, & an officer of the army, will be immediately removed for their conduct in discussing a matter in a great assembly last Tuesday.

It is now said that the Hon. Mr. Yorke will succeed Lord Camden as Chancellor, and General Conway the Marquis of Granby.

The Right Hon. the L——d M——r did not stay in a certain place to divide on Tuesday last.

On Tuesday last, in a certain political society, we hear the four following gentlemen spoke for a considerable time. On one side, L——d Ch-th-m, L——d Ca——n. On the other side, The D. of G——n, L——d M-ns——d.

Every fiftieth man is raising in the dominions of the Empress of Russia, to compleat her armies and marine.

The odds on Wednesday night were 89 to 26. A certain D——e near Charing-cross joined the minority.

We hear strict orders have been given that no person be admitted to hear the debates in the H——e of C——ns

It is said that a motion was made last Tuesday in a certain place, to enquire into some recent transactions in a neighbouring kingdom, which was however over-ruled, and postponed sine die.

In a certain assembly on Wednesday, the D. of G—— spoke near an hour. The principal speakers in the opposition were L——d C——m, the L——d Ch-n——l-r, L——d T---me, L——d S——lb——e, who not only spoke but replied.

Mr. B——ke, the same day, in a certain place, spoke near two hours. There were thirty-one speakers.

In a certain political club on Tuesday night, a motion was made for an amendment to the A——ss, by adding, "That they would also in due time take into consideration the complaints and grievances of the people;" which produced much opposition from Sir F——N——, L——dB——n and L——d N——th: this motion being supported by C——ll. B——re, Mr. B——ke, and Mr. C—— G——lle. L——d B——n, in examining the remarks that had been made upon that part of the s——h relative to the colonies, observed, "that L——d B——t's appointment for the government of Virginia was so far from being disagreeable to the inhabitants of that colony, that he was highly caressed there by the people of every rank." C——l B——re was very severe upon the present s——h as well as the proceeding s——h Mr. B——ke was diffusive and uncommonly elegant; and in one part of his harrangue took off Sir F—— N—— in his manner and mode of his expression, as he did likewise L——d N——th.

It is said that a noble D——e near C——g C——s, has again relinquished the opposition, in consequence of a mandate sent him by a great personage.

If a Chancellor of a kingdom be keeper of the King's conscience, as he is generally termed, can a King do better than consult his father confessor?

The necessity of an immediate d——n of P——t, we hear was strongly enforced by a great Crown Officer on Tuesday last. The only person who made a tolerable figure on the other side, it is said, was Mr. R——y.

It is an undoubted matter of fact, that upwards of 80,000 freeholders have signed the several petitions to his Majesty.

If the account of the Turks having seized our merchants ships in the ports of their dominions, on account of the assistance given by us to the Russians be true, it cannot fail of involving us in the quarrel, and probably with more than one power of Europe. This news is said to have been received by an English brigantine, called the Mary, purposely dispatched to our Consul at Leghorn, in order to acquaint him with it.

By authentic letters from various parts of England, we learn, that notwithstanding the late infection, cattle in general bears a very moderate price.

The King of Prussia's minister at Versailles has left that court abruptly, and without taking formal leave; so that a rupture between France and Prussia is daily expected.

Colonel B——e the other day, declared in a certain place, that the M——y had alienated the minds of 13 millions of people.

This morning it was rumoured, at the court end of the town, that 17 respectable names had joined the minority.

Mr. Wilkes had again this morning a great number of visitors of rank and fortune.

Yesterday the Lord Chancellor was at court, staid there some time, and returned back with the seals.

NEW-YORK, March 26.

Yesterday his Majesty's 16th Regiment embarked on board the Transports, & will sail for Pensacola To-morrow.

BOSTON, April 2.

Friday last the General Assembly made Choice of the following Gentlemen to their respective Offices:

The Hon. HARRISON GRAY, *Esq; Treasurer and Receiver-General.*

The Hon. THOMAS CUSHING, *Esq; Commissary General.*

The Hon. JAMES RUSSELL, *Esq; Impost-Officer.*

Truckmaster for Fort-Pownal. Mr. John Preble.

It will perhaps be surprizing to the People of the Neighbouring Provinces to be told, that there is not above one seller of Tea in the Town of Boston who has not signed an Agreement not to dispose of any more of that Article, untill the late Revenue Acts are repealed.

The Betsey, Capt. Andrew Gardiner, hired by this Town, to carry a particular Account of the late horrid Massacre, sail'd Yesterday for London.

We hear three of the C——rs are skulking about the Country; and that the good People of the Province avoid them as much as they would Beasts of Prey.

The People of the Province are at a loss to know what is become of the Person reputed the King's Attorney; he not having been visible at the Superior Court now sitting in Boston for a considerable Time past.

LIST of Toasts drank at Newport, March 19th 1770, on the Commemoration of the Repeal of the Stamp-Act the 18th of March 1766.

1. The King, Queen and Royal Family.
2. Glory and Happiness to the British Empire.
3. The 18th of March 1766.
4. King William the Third of glorious Memory.
5. May Britons and Americans forever assert and vindicate the Principles of Civil and Religious Liberty.
6. The Liberty of the Press.
7. Wilkes and McDougal.
8. Macaulay, Burke, Delany, Dickinson, Otis, Adams, with every other Patriot in America, who have drawn the Pens in the glorious Cause of Liberty.
9. Immortal Pitt!—rouzed by the groans of thy country, exert thy Council Senatorial Powers and Influence for her Relief.
10. The speedy and absolute Annihilation of the Board of Commissioners of the Customs; and an entire Repeal of all the American Revenue Acts.
11. Destruction to the Miscreants who procured the Introduction of a Standing Army into the Colonies.
12. The Memory of the massacred Martyrs to British and American Liberty, Allen, Snider, Caldwell, Attucks, Gray and Maverick!
13. May swift impartial Justice overtake the murderous Hand.
13. May every Town thro' this Continent deeply sympathize with the Town of Boston, and feel on Account of the Blood there cruelly and inhumanly spilt, as if it were drawn from their own Bowels.
14. The Governor and Company of the Colony of Rhode-Island: May we ever be united in and sacrifice every inferior Consideration to the General Good.
15. May the Freedom of thinking and speaking, of boldly writing and nobly pleading and contending for Civil and Religious Liberty, ever be the Characteristic Glory of Britons and Americans; and may their King ever esteem the Love and Allegiance of such Subjects his greatest Glory, Honour and Happiness.

The WATCH-MAN. No. III.

is come to Hand, and will be in our next.

To be Sold by EDES and GILL,
and T. and J. FLEET,
(Price Eight Pence)

The Fruits of Arbitrary Power,

an Original Print, representing the late horrid Massacre in King Street, taken from the Spot.

Whereas the late Partnership of Jarvis and Parker *expired by the Death of Mr.* Benjamin Parker; *all Persons who have any Accounts open with that Company, are desired to settle the same with* Leonard Jarvis, *surviving Partner: And those indebted to make speedy Payment to prevent Trouble. Those who have any Accounts with the Estate of said* Parker, *are desired to settle them with* Leonard Jarvis, *or* Henry Leddel, *Executors to said Estate.* TO BE SOLD,

AT the Store of LEONARD JARVIS, below the Bunch of Grapes Tavern in King-Street,—A Variety of English GOODS, at the Sterling Cost for Cash.

BOSTON, April 2, 1770.

TO BE SOLD BY

Gilbert Deblois,

At his Shop, opposite the Bottom of School-Street,

A Considerable good Assortment of English Goods, some Hard Wares, Spices, Dutch Brushes in Setts or Single, Looking Glasses, Violins, best Roman Strings, Flutes, &c. Wilton Carpets, Writing Paper, China Ware, choice Velvet Corks, Powder, Codlines, &c. &c.

He hath also a Variety of Womens Sattin and Sarsenet Hats and Bonnets. Also a Parcel of pretty Cotton and Thread, Lutestrings, Brolioes and other Stuffs at the Sterling Cost—and old Trunks and Boxes much cheaper.

TO BE SOLD,

By Rebecca Lefebure,

Opposite the West End of the Town-House,

A good assortment of Delph and Stone Ware; some *French* Indigo and Chocolate.

N. B. Genteel Lodgings and Board for Gentlemen at said *Lefebure's*.

TO BE SOLD,

A SLOOP about 84 Tons Burthen, between 4 and 5 Years old, a prime Sailor, well fitted and found for a West-India or Whaling Business. Enquire of Edes and Gill.

Imported in the Sloop Betsey, RICHARD SMALL, from the Grenades, St. Eustatia & St. Martins.

CHOICE high proof Rum 12 Months old, Molosses, Cocoa, St. Martins Salt, very good Quality, to be sold by Mr. SAMUEL BALLORD, near the Draw-Bridge.——The said BALLORD has received last Week a Quantity of the best New Rice, which he can recommend to be the best Kind,——Also the best preserv'd Ginger, to be sold by the single Pound, or greater Quantity.

TO BE LETT,

A Large Brick House in Water-Street. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

TO BE SOLD

On FRIDAY next.

By Benjamin Church,

At his usual Place of Sale;

BROAD Cloths, Forrest Cloths, Cambletts, figured Stuffs, Irish and Scotch Hollands, Lawns, Cambricks, Checks, Handkerchiefs, Mens Hose, Hats, Caps, &c. &c. Sundry Articles of Houshold Furniture, a Mahogany Case of Draws, Leather-bottom Chairs, Mehogany Tables, &c. Wearing Apparel, Watches, &c.

Abington, March 19, 1770.

A Considerable number of the respectable Inhabitants of this Town, on the 21st day of Feb. 1770, petitioned the Selectmen of the Town in the words following, viz.

To the Selectmen of the Town of Abington.

Gentlemen, THE bold and wicked attempts of the enemies of the British constitution, on both sides the Atlantic, to enslave a free people (who are at all events determined to be free) are very alarming: To counteract those attempts is become necessary & virtuous: Therefore we the subscribers desire you to assemble the Town forthwith, that they may consult upon such measures, come to such resolutions, and put in practice such determinations, as may then appear to them likely to prevent the enemies of our happy constitution from effecting their pernicious designs.—The substance of which being inserted in the Warrant for this day's meeting, the Town took into serious consideration their unhappy and distressed state, as well as that of the province, and all America: And after mature deliberation and advisement, passed the following Votes, viz.

1. Voted, as the opinion of this Town, that all nations of men who dwelt upon the face of the whole earth, and each individual of them, are *naturally free*, and while in a *state of nature*, have a *right* to do themselves justice, when their *natural rights* are invaded.

2. Voted, as the opinion of this Town, that mankind, while in their aforesaid natural state, always had, and now have, a *right* to enter into compact and form societies, and erect such kind of government as the majority of them shall judge most for the public good.

3. Voted, as the opinion of this Town, that Great-Britain had an undoubted right to erect a monarchical government, or any other mode of government, had they tho't proper; appoint a king, and subject him to laws of their own ordaining, and always had, and now have, upon just occasion, a *right* to alter the royal succession.

4. Voted, as the opinion of this Town, that the right of sovereignty over the inhabitants of this Province, claimed by any former British King, or by his present Majesty, by succession, was derived to them, and is derived to him, by recognition of the forefathers of this country, of his then Majesty, as their Sovereign, upon the plan of the British constitution; who accordingly plighted his royal faith, that himself, his heirs and successors, had, and would, grant, establish and ordain, that all and every of his subjects, which should go to, and inhabit this province, and every of their children which should happen to be born there, or on the seas in going thither, or in returning from thence, should have and enjoy all *liberties and immunities of free and natural subjects*, within any of their dominions, *to all intents, constructions and purposes whatsoever*, as if they, and every of them, were born in the realm of England.

5. Voted, as the opinion of this Town, that the late acts of the Parliament of Great-Britain, imposing duties on American subjects, *for the sole purpose of raising a revenue*, are an infringement of our natural and constitutional Liberty, and contrary both to the spirit and letter of the above-mentioned royal grant, ordination and establishment, of having and enjoying all liberties and immunities of free and natural-born subjects.

6. Voted, as the opinion of this Town, that no acts, passed in either of the Parliaments of France, Spain or England, for the aforesaid purpose of raising a revenue, are binding to us; and that the obedience due from us to his present Majesty, is no other, in kind or degree, than such as he has a constitutional right to from our fellow subjects in Great-Britain.

7. Voted, as the opinion of this Town, that, therefore, the above-mentioned acts are, in themselves, *a mere nullity*, and that he who, *vi & armis*, seizes the property of an American subject, for not paying the duties imposed on him by said acts, ought to be deemed no better than a highwayman, and should be proceeded against in due course of law.

8. Voted, as the opinion of this Town, that the troops (*may they not more properly be called murderers*) sent to Boston by Lord Hillsborough, at the request of Governor Bernard, to aid and protect the Commissioners of the Customs, in levying the taxes imposed on us by said acts, amount to an open declaration of war against the Liberties of America, and are an unjust invasion of them; and as we are refused any legal redress of these grievances, we are, in this instance, reduced to a state of nature, whereby our *natural right* of opposing force is again devolved upon us.

9. Voted, as the opinion of this Town, that the agreement of the Merchants and Traders of the Town of Boston, relative to Non-importation, has a natural and righteous tendency to frustrate the schemes of the enemies of the constitution, and render ineffectual the said unconstitutional and unrighteous acts, and is a superlative instance of self-denial and public virtue, which, we hope, will be handed down to posterity, even to the latest generation, to their immortal honor.

10. Voted, That those persons, who have always persisted in the scheme of importation, and those also, who having acceeded to the agreement of Non-importation, have violated their promises, and as it were stollen their own goods and sold them, to purchase chains and fetters, ought to be, and are, and shall be, by us, held in the utmost contempt; and that we will have no sort of commercial connection with them, or with any that deal with them, and that their names shall stand recorded in the town-book, and posted up in all public places in town, as enemies to their country.

11. Voted, That we are in duty bound not to use or consume any article imported from Great-Britain, subject to duties on the foregoing plan, and that we will not, knowingly, purchase of any person whatever, any such articles, until the said acts are repealed: Neither will we use, or suffer (willingly) to be used in our families any *Bohea Tea*, cases of sickness only excepted.

12. Voted, That a respectful letter of thanks be addressed to the Merchants and Traders of the Town of Boston, for the noble and disinterested, and very expensive opposition made by them, to the late attempts to enslave America.——And, whereas it appears probable to us, that the goods of the infamous Importers, both in this and the neighbouring governments, are vended among us by pedlars. Therefore,

13. Voted, That we will not purchase any thing of them, or suffer any person under us to trade with them, but that we will, as much as in us lies, discourage them, and endeavor to have the laws executed against them, and all such innholders as entertain them contrary to law.

14. Voted, That a committee be chosen to enquire who among us act contrary to the foregoing votes, and return their names to the Town-Clerk, to be entered in the Town-books, and published in Messi'rs Edes & Gill's paper, as persons confederating with the Importers, to ruin their country.——And whereas the ears of our earthly Sovereign, by the intervention of his wicked ministers, are rendered deaf to the cries of his oppressed American subjects. And as we apprehend we have a righteous cause, and as we are assured that the ears of the *King of Kings* are always open to the cries of the oppressed: Therefore,

15. Voted, That we will unitedly petition the *Throne of Grace*, for protection against encroaching power, whereby our civil liberties are so violently attacked, and our religious liberties endangered, and that Thursday the 3d day of May next be set apart by this Town for said purpose; that the Select-men be a committee to wait upon our reverend Pastor, desiring him to lead in the exercises of said day, and that, by an advertisement, they invite the neighbouring Towns to join with us in similar exercises on said day.

16. Voted, That the foregoing votes be recorded, and that a copy thereof be forthwith transmitted to the Committee of Inspection in Boston, together with our letter of thanks to the Merchants and Traders there.

The Meeting was then dissolved.

The Letter of Thanks to the Town of Boston is as follows, viz.

To the Merchants & Traders in the Town of BOSTON in the Non-Importation Agreement.

Gentlemen, *Abington, March* 19, 1770.

THERE is scarcely any character more detestable, and that raises the just indignation of an Englishman, so quick, and so high, as that of a TYRANT: *the bare contemplation, fills the mind with horror, as it opens a passage for the blackest, & most dreadful ideas to enter! When a man can neither speak, nor think, nor act, nor possess in safety; death is preferable to life. Every thing therefore, that looks like Tyranny, should be frowned upon, and opposed by a free People: for, neglecting it, is to strengthen it.*

That—"*Nature has left the tincture in the blood,*
"*That most men would be Tyrants if they could,*"
And if the greater don't the less devour,
'Tis not for want of will, but want of pow'r.

is a solemn truth. All *therefore*, in power, *should be narrowly watched. The present times evince the truth of the above. And, as you, Gentlemen, have made a glorious opposition to every thing that opposes our natural, and, by charter, guarranted Liberties, permit us to say, and we say it without flattery, that we stand astonished at the unparalelled, and virtuous sacrifice, which you have made at the shrine of liberty, your trade, your daily support! Had you been as mercenary, as the truly infamous Importers are, we should have had no hopes of ever seeing better days, without the effusion of much blood. Your voluntary scheme, of Non-Importation, so generally put in practice, we trust, will be the measure under God, of obtaining our political salvation. Therefore, from the consideration of duty, interest, inclination, love to ourselves, and love to posterity; we are led to return you our sincere and most unfeigned thanks, for the noble, disinterested, and very expensive opposition you have made to the late attempts to enslave America.*

You, Gentlemen, we are sensible ought not to be left to struggle alone, and to keep you in countenance and to countenance and to convince the world that we have the same feelings, we have had a full Town-Meeting this day. We incloſe you a Copy of our proceedings.

We are, Gentlemen, with great Respect,
Your humble Servants,
The Town of Abington.

By Order of the Town,
WOODBRIDGE BROWNE, *Town-Clerk.*

TEN GUINEAS

Are deposited in the Hands of the Printers to be disposed of in the following

PREMIUMS.

1st. For the best Piece of CLOTH of 12 Yards long and seven Quarters wide, that shall be made in this Province and offer'd to Sale at the Printing-Office the last Week in *April* Instant; the Fineness, Dressing and Colour, all to be considered in the Determination,

FOUR GUINEAS.

2ndly. For the best Piece of GERMAN SERGE (so called) of 30 Yards long and one Yard wide; Fineness, Dressing and Colour, as before,

TWO GUINEAS.

3dly. For the best Piece of SAGATHY 30 Yards long and half-ell wide; Fineness, Dressing and Colour as before, TWO GUINEAS.

4thly. For the best Piece of SHALLOON 30 Yards long and one Yard wide; Fineness, Dressing and Colour as before, TWO GUINEAS.

The several Articles are to be offer'd for Sale at the Office of the Printers of this Paper, the last Week in *April* Instant. The PREMIUMS to be determined by three Gentlemen, who will be desired to attend for that Purpose.

TUESDAY the 3d of *April*,

Ten o'Clock Beforenoon, will be sold by Auction, at the Dwelling-House of Captain Alexander Inglish in Fleet-Street, North End, viz.

HAndsome Looking-Glasses, a Variety of Pictures under Glass, Mahogany Chamber Tables, Mahogany and other Frame Chairs, a Silver Tankard, Salts, Spoons and other Plate, Indigo, Gentlemens Saddles, all Sorts of Kitchen Furniture neat and Good. A likely Negro Woman 21 Years of Age, understands Cookery extremely well; a large Fish-Kettle, and a Number of other Articles. M. Deshon, Auctioneer.

N. B. The above Articles may be seen the Day before the Sale.

All Sorts of Garden Seeds to be

sold by LYDIA DYAR, at the North-End, near the Salutation.——Early Peas of all Sorts, English Beans of all Sorts, warranted to be good.

On WEDNESDAY NEXT,

At TEN o'Clock in the Morning,
Will be sold by Public Vendue at the Auction-Room in Queen-Street;

A Variety of English Goods, as

usual, and sundry Articles of House-Furniture, &c.

J. RUSSELL, Auctioneer.

On WEDNESDAY, 11*th of April*,

At Ten o'Clock in the Morning,
Will be Sold by Public Vendue, at the Auction-Room in Queen-Street;

A great Variety of House-Furniture—among which are, MAhogany Desk and Book-Case, Chests of Draws, Dining Tables, Tea Tables and Bureaus, Mehogany and Walnut Frame Leather-bottom Chairs, Marble Slabs, a Variety of Sconce and Pier Looking-Glasses, Feather Beds, Bedsteads and Bedding, two Suits of Curtains one red and the other blue & white, Sheets and Table-Cloths, Pillow-Cases and Napkins,—a great Variety of Glass and China Ware, a Variety of Plate,—all Kinds of Kitchen Furniture, &c.—A new Chaise and Harness.—Also, a most elegant India Silk Bed and Window Curtains compleat, which Bed may be had at private Sale, if apply'd for before the Day of Public Sale.

J. RUSSELL, Auctioneer.

TO BE SOLD,

TWO new Chaise, and one second-hand one, cheap for Cash. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

Whale-Boats, and all Sorts of

Lap Streak Boats, made and repaired with Cedar & Pine Boards, warranted as good as any that comes from the Cape, done with Fidelity and Dispatch, by JOHN LAMBERT, jun. opposite the Two Pelarverers.

A Likely Negro Child of a good Breed to ge give away. Inquire of the Printers.

WHEREAS at a Meeting of the Proprietors of the Land in the District of Lenox, *in the County of* Berkshire, *(legally warned) holden on the third Day of* August, *A.D.* 1768, *voted a Tax of* 15*s.* 5*d.* ¼ *on each Hundred Acres of Land in said District (publick Lots excepted) and whereas the Proprietors or Owners of the Lots now named (viz.) Lots No.* 5, 7, 11, 14, 20, 40, 41, 42, 43, *containing one Hundred Acres each, all in the second Division of Lands in said* Lenox, *and the Lot No.* 30 *in the first Division of Lands in said Lenox, are delinquent and have not paid the Tax aforesaid assessed on said Lots of Land; which said Taxes have been granted to bring forward the Settlement of said District, agreeable to the Orders of the Great and General Court:—These are therefore to notify the Proprietors of the Lots so delinquent, that their Lots, or such a Part thereof as shall be sufficient to pay said Taxes (together with all Charges in and about the same) will be sold at a publick Vendue, at the Dwelling-House of* Elias Willard, *Innholder near said* Lenox, *on Tuesday the* 14*th Day of* August *next, at* 10 *o'Clock in the Forenoon, and so from Day to Day until the whole be sold (unless said Taxes and Charges be paid to the said* Elias Willard, *Treasurer of said Proprietors) for the Purpose aforesaid.*

Dated at *Lenox*, *March* 20, 1770. } *Samuel Brown*, jun. *Stephens Murwine*, *Elias Willard*, } *Assessors.*

—*Auction-Hall*—*King-Street.*—

MONDAY, &c.

This Evening, 6 o'Clock, (upon Emergency) will be Sold by Public Vendue,

By John Gerrish,

At his Vendue Office, &c.

A Fine Assortment of Taffities, Silks, Satteens, &c. Fine Irish Linnens, Checks, Chairs, Tables, Looking Glasses, Beds, Bedsteads, and many other Articles.

J. GERRISH, Auctioneer.

This Evening, 6 o'Clock.

FAN MOUNTS.

FAN Mounts, sold; and Mounted by MARY VANS at the House of Deacon WILLIAMS, in Cornhill, Boston.

ON TUESDAY NEXT,

Will be Sold by public Vendue, at the New Auction Room at the Foot of Royal-Exchange Lane, Over Mr. THOMAS WALLEY's Store,

A Variety of Goods,——Among which are,

GILT and plain large Looking Glasses, one sett of Pictures, half a Dozen neat Mohogany Leather Bottom Chairs, common Chairs, Mohogany Dining Tables, Chamber Tables, Feather Beds, Blankets, Bedsteads, Brass Kettles, Frying Pans, with other Kitchen Furniture, Two Silver Watches, Wearing Apparel, &c.

WILLIAM HUNTER, Auctioneer.

On Tuesday Evening next, at Six o'Clock.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *BOSTON.*

ENTERED IN.

Starbuck, Teneriffe; Sanders, Dominica & Cape Nichola; Small, Grenada, St. Eustatia & St. Martins; Kellum, St. Vincents, St. Eustatia & St. Martins; Harlow, Adarton & Welsh, New-London; Cook, North Carolina; Higgins, Maryland; Mills & Annable, Virginia; Lawton, New-York.

Buried in the Town of Boston since our last,
Nine Whites. Five Blacks.
Baptiz'd in the several Churches, Four.

High Water at Boston, *for this present Week.*

Monday, 58 *m. after* 4		*Friday*, 17 *m. after* 8	
Tuesday, 48 *m. after* 5		*Saturday*, 9 *m. aft.* 9	
Wednesday, 37 *m. aft.* 6		*Lord's-day*, 1 *m. aft* 10	
Thursday, 26 *m. aft.* 7		*First Qr.* 3 *Day*, 4 *M.*	

// Noble resolves, and all warranted by the English Constitution! ~~Inflammatory~~ Drawn up by Mr. Joseph Greenleaf Esq & See Charter pa. 1077 Vol. 2. V See Molas. act pa. 9. Vol. 2 — Tea act pa. 735 — Vol. 1. & See arrival of Troops &c. pa. 263. Vol. 2. & See his Letters pa. 831. Vol. 2.

See act appointing Commissioners pa. 748. Vol. 1. & their Commission, pa. 253. Vol. 2. & Turn to the Index Vol. 2. to find agreement & their names pa. 63.

Whereas the Copartnerſhip of the late Company of *Pool* and *Clarke* is diſſolved by the Death of Mr. *Clarke*: This is to deſire all Perſons that are indebted to, or that have any Demands againſt the late Company, either by Bond, Note, or Book Debt, that they would immediately apply to the Subſcriber, ſurviving Partner, at the Store kept by the late Company on Green's Wharf, that there may be an Adjuſtment thereof as ſoon as may be:—And as there is a great Number of Debts due to the ſaid Company, ſome of which are of a long ſtanding: This is to give Notice, that ſuch Demands will be put into the Hands of an Attorney (if not prevented by Payment being made before) at next July Court, without reſpect of Perſons. Alſo, any Perſons having Demands upon the Eſtate of Mr. *Edward Clarke*, deceas'd, may have them ſettled by applying as above.

Fitch Pool, ſurviving Partner of the late Company of *Pool* and *Clarke*.

NOtice is hereby given, That there is to be Sold at Public Auction, on Wedneſday the 11th Day of April next, at Twelve o'Clock, at the Houſe of Col. Ingerſol's, Innholder in Kingſtreet, Boſton, One whole Share, or 20th Part of 100,000 Acres of Land, lying (at the Eaſtward ſo called) about 5 Miles Eaſt of St. George's River, now owned by the Proprietors called the Twenty Aſſociates of the Lincolnſhire Company. By Order of their Committee.

Boſton, March 20, 1770. Nath'. Appleton, Prop'r Clerk.

On or about the 10th of April, will ſail for LONDON, (Wind & Weather permitting) the Ship Suſanna, HENRY JOHNSON, Maſter; (Having great Part of her Cargo on Board)

Freighters or Paſſengers may apply to FRANCIS GREEN, or the Maſter.

A Wet Nurſe with a good young Breaſt of Milk, wants a Place in a Family to ſuckle; inquire of Edes & Gill.

To be SOLD or LET,

A FARM ſituated on *Jamaica* Plain, in *Roxbury*, belonging to *Robert Bayard*, Eſq; containing about 30 Acres of Mowing, Tillage, and Paſture, having thereon a good Dwelling-Houſe, convenient for a ſmall Family; alſo a good Coach-Houſe, Stables, Barn & Out-Houſes, finiſh'd in a genteel and commodious Manner; and a good Garden well fenced, and planted with a Number of Engliſh Fruit Trees. There remains a good Cellar, well ſtoned, about 45 Feet ſquare, whereon ſtood his Dwelling-Houſe lately deſtroy'd by Fire——There are a Number of fine Lime Trees, and Conveniences, which render the Situation very fit, for building a genteel Houſe: For further Particulars, enquire of Edes & Gill.

Engliſh Duck, of all Numbers, Allum, Copperas, Brimſtone and Whiting by the Hogſhead,—Codlines and Hooks,—Powder and Shot, Barr Lead, Wool Cards, Ticklinburgs and Oznabrigs, Grindſtones and New-Caſtle Coal, to be ſold on the loweſt Terms,

By *Francis Green*,

(At his Store in King-ſtreet.)

Alſo, CHALK per Ton, cheap for Caſh.

STOLEN on Friday laſt, a Boat Cloak of brown Cambiet, and lined with green Baize, with three Holes worked in the Cape: Whoever will bring the Cloak to Britiſh Coffee-Houſe, ſhall be handſomely Rewarded; and if the Perſon who ſtole it, whoſe Name is Patrick Kelly, wears a green Jacket and blue Trowſers, can be ſecured, ſhall receive Two Guineas Reward.

TO BE LETT,

TWO Wood Wharves, ſituate in Fiſh-Street, now improved by Mr. Alexander Campbell, and which have been improved for that Buſineſs a great Number of Years paſt—and which lie very commodious therefor, with the Counting Houſe and Stable thereon.——Alſo two convenient Stores on ſaid Wharff.——Likewiſe two convenient Shops in Fore-ſtreet, near the ſame.—Enquire of William Clarke and Elizabeth Mayhew.

ALL Perſons indebted to, or that have any Demands on the Eſtate of Thomas Hall, jun. late of Cambridge, Retailer, deceas'd, are deſired to ſettle the ſame with Rebeccah Hall, of ſaid Cambridge, Adminiſtratrix on ſaid Eſtate.

ALL Perſons who have any Demands upon the Eſtate of Capt. Chriſtopher Hoſkins, late of Boſton, Mariner, deceas'd, are deſired to bring in their Accounts: And thoſe who are indebted thereto, immediately to pay the ſame, to William Hoſkins, Adminiſtrator.

Boſton, March 26, 1770.

TWO genteel Apartments to be Lett, for the Benefit of Civil Society. For further Particulars, inquire of the Printers.

N. B. Boarding and Lodging for Gentlemen at the ſame Place.

TO be Sold at Public Vendue on Monday the 16th of April, at the Houſe of Samuel Livermore, Eſq; Innholder in Waltham,—A Farm conſiſting of 90 Acres of Land, with a Dwelling-Houſe and Barn, ſituated lying near the ſaid Samuel Livermore, Eſq; adjoining the great Road, conſiſting of Mowing, Ploughing and Paſture Land, with a good Wood-Lot, and well-Watered. For further Particulars, inquire of Benjamin Ward, living on ſaid Farm.—— The Sale to begin at Twelve o'Clock.

Waltham, March 26th, 1770.

Joſeph Peirce,

At his Shop the North Side of the Town-Houſe, lately improv'd by Mrs. JANE EUSTIS,—Has to Sell,

A Variety of Engliſh, India, and Scotch Goods, at a very reaſonable Advance, and for Caſh only——He will be oblig'd to all thoſe who deal with Mrs. Euſtis for the Favor of their Cuſtom.

N. B. *At the ſame Shop may be had, ſome Cod Lines and Hooks, ſtript Luteſtrings, and Womens and Childrens Patent Wove Stays, at but a very little more than the Sterling Coſt, being the Property of a Perſon who will ſoon leave the Province.*

To be Sold by PUBLIC AUCTION to the higheſt Bidder, on Monday the 23d of *April* next, at his Majeſty's Careening Yard in *Halifax*.

Sundry Lots of old Rigging, Junk, and return'd decay'd Slop Clothing, &c. The Sale to begin at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon.

The Partnerſhip of Joſeph Palmer *and Company being diſſolved—All Perſons who are indebted to ſaid Company, are deſired to pay their reſpective Balances to* Charles Miller, *at their Store on* Minot's T. *And all Perſons who have any Demands on ſaid Company, are deſired to call on ſaid* Miller, *and receive their Balances.*

Joſeph Palmer *Continues to ſell at the above Store, Sperm-Ceta Candles, warranted equal to any, and ſuperior to moſt that is made; Strain'd Sperma-Ceti Oyl by the Caſk, and Raiſins, &c. &c.*

For *LONDON*,

THE Ship *Hannah*, *Robert Jarvis*, Maſter, having fine Accommodations for Paſſengers, and Part of her Cargo engaged. Freighters & Paſſengers may agree with *John Rowe*, at his Store on *Green*'s Wharff, or with Capt. *Jarvis* on Board ſaid Ship laying at *Rowe*'s Wharff.

Boſton, 19th March 1770.

An extraordinary good Harpſicord with double Keys, to be Sold; any Perſon inellning to purchaſe, are deſired to apply to Edes & Gill.

TO BE SOLD,

By John Pulling, jun.

Near the Bottom of Croſs Street, cheap for Caſh,

A Quantity of choice New Rice, Barbados Rum and Sugar, Maloga Wine and Lemmons, Raiſins, &c. &c.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of *Joſeph Gooch*, Eſq; late of *Milton*, deceas'd, are deſir'd to make immediate Payment: And all to whom the Eſtate is indebted, are requeſted to bring in their Accounts to

THOMAS HUBBART, Executor.

Boſton, March 19, 1770. living in King-Street.

Mrs. Elizabeth Simmons, *Takes this Method to acquaint the Ladies, ſhe underſtands clear Starching Lawns, Muſlins and Gauzes, Net-Work and Scotch Cambricks, as well as if done in London, and will be forth-coming for all Damages ſuſtained. Rooms to be let unfurniſhed, and Boarding for ſingle Men at ſaid Houſe, oppoſite the Rev. Dr. Cooper's Meeting-Houſe.*

TO BE SOLD CHEAP,

A very good ſtrong 2 Maſt Boat, compleat, 24 Feet long, and a very good Sailor: Some Weſt-India Goods will be taken in Part Pay; enquire of *James Goodridge*, Boat-Builder, North-End.

TO BE SOLD,

By Wholeſale or Retail, CHEAPER for Caſh than they can be purchaſed at any other Place in Town or Country, at the Store of the late Mr. *John Mears*, in Roxbury-Street;

ALL Sorts of Iron Hollow Ware; alſo Deer Skins, Mooſe-Skins, tanned Seal Skins, Saddles & Bridles, Axes, and good Bar Iron.

ALSO TO BE LET,

THE Dwelling-Houſe of the late Mr. *John Mears*, in Roxbury, with a good Barn, Shop, and all ſuitable Accommodations, extremly well ſituated for almoſt every Kind of Trade and Buſineſs.

TO BE SOLD,

A new Ship, burthen 180 Tons, now lying at HANCOCK's Wharff——Alſo the Hull of a new Sloop: Enquire of Colonel *Jackſon*, or at Mr. *Price*'s Inſurance Office.

TO BE SOLD,

(And enter'd upon immediately,)

Situated on the Great Road, and well accommodated for Entertainment,

The great Tavern in Sudbury, now in the Occupation of Mr. William Bryant: For further Particulars, enquire of Zechariah Johonnot, Eſq; in Boſton.

Notice is hereby given to all Perſons that are indebted to the Eſtate of *Benjamin Parker*, Gentleman, late of *Groton*, in the County of *Middleſex*, deceas'd, to ſpeedily pay the ſame to *Jonas Marſhall*, of *Chelmsford*, in ſaid County, executor of the laſt Will and Teſtament of the ſaid *Benjamin Parker*, and alſo all Perſons that have any Demands juſtly againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are hereby deſired to bring in the ſame to the ſaid Executor in order for a ſpeedy Settlement.

JONAS MARSHALL.

Chelmsford, March 12, 1770.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a valuable Tract of Land lying partly in *Bowdoinham*, and near to *Kennebeck*-River, in the County of *Lincoln*, is now ſettling; and there ſtill remain about Twenty Lots to be diſpoſed of to Setlers.

The ſaid Lots are very commodiouſly laid out, and contain 150 Acres each; which on eaſy Conditions of Settlement will be given away to good Setlers, that ſhall be well recommended for their Honeſty and Induſtry.

Perſons of ſuch a Character inclining to become Setlers may apply to *Abraham Prebble*, Eſq; in *Bowdoinham*, or to Mr. *John Read* near the Rev. Mr. *Moorhead*'s Meeting-Houſe in *Boſton*, who will give them further Information.

To be Sold at the Houſe of Mr. Winſlow, Innholder in Peterſham, in the County of Worceſter, at Public Vendue, on Wedneſday the 23d of May next, at Noon, if not ſold before at private Sale, a Tract of Land in ſaid Peterſham, containing more than 700 Acres, moſt of it choice Land and well timbered: with two Houſes and the Remains of a Saw-Mill & Griſt-Mill thereon: about two Miles from the Rev. Mr. Whitney's Meeting-Houſe in ſaid Town, and formerly the Eſtate of Jonathan Preſcott, Eſq; deceaſed.—Thro' ſaid Land runs the County Road, and alſo a River (a conſtant Stream) extremely commodious for Mills. The ſaid Land may be conveniently divided into ſeveral Farms, as may ſuit the Purchaſers, who (if it be inconvenient to pay the Money on the Sale) may have a reaſonable Time to pay the ſame, giving good Security on Intereſt. Enquire of Edes & Gill.

Providence ſs. Providence, March 9, 1770.

THE Creditors of Philip Potter of Providence, in the County of Providence, an Inſolvent Debtor, are hereby required to appear before the Juſtices of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas, at the Court Houſe in ſaid Providence, either in Perſon or by Attorney, on the fourth Monday of this Inſtant March, then and there to nominate and appoint Aſſignees for the receiving and diſtributing ſaid Potter's Eſtate; and to do all ſuch Matters and Things as are required by the Inſolvent Act made and paſt in June, A. D. 1760.

Teſt. DANIEL JENCKES, Juſtice.

WANTED,

Two Schooners, for which the Caſh will be paid on Delivery, one of 20 Tons, the other from 50 to 60 Tons, fit for the Fiſhery, and not above 4 Years old: Any Perſon or Perſons having them may find a Purchaſer, if to be ſold on reaſonable Terms, by enquiring of Edes & Gill. Boſton, 17th March.

TO BE SOLD,

A *Genteel Dwelling-Houſe, accommodated with a good Shop and Store. Alſo a Barn and Chaiſe Houſe, with a pleaſant Garden Spot, and about Ten Acres of Land, with a young Orchard thereon. The ſaid Houſe has lately been put in good Repair, and is advantageouſly ſituated for Trade, on the great Road in Sudbury, and about Eighteen Miles from Boſton. For further Particulars, inquire of James Henderſon living on ſaid Premiſes. or of Simon Elliot, at his Houſe near the Mill Bridge in Boſton.*

Thomas Bracket,

HEREBY informs his Friends, and the Public in general, That he has taken the Houſe, formerly known by the Name of the George Tavern, but now the King's-Arms on *Boſton* Neck; where he propoſes to keep the beſt of Liquors, and will entertain a ſelect Company to dine or ſup in the genteeleſt Manner on the ſhorteſt Notice.

N. B. The ſaid BRACKET has to ſell a ſmall Farm at Briſtol, formerly known by the Name of Pemaquid, within half a Mile of a Saw and Griſt Mill, very pleaſantly ſituated for a Tradeſman.—For further Particulars inquire as above, or of Mr. James Sprout living near the Premiſes.

A FARM in Worceſter,

To be Sold by Publick Vendue, on the Fourth Day of April next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, containing about 170 Acres, with a good Houſe and Barn thereon, a good Orchard, intermixed with choice Mowing, Ploughing and Paſturing, with a good Wood-Lot adjoining.—Said Farm is about Two Miles Weſt from the Meeting-Houſe, on the great Road; it being the Eſtate of Joſiah Brewer, Eſq; late of Worceſter, deceas'd. For further Particulars, inquire of John Brewer, Adminiſtrator, living on the Premiſſes.

Choice Capers and Anchovys, by the Keg or ſingle Pound,

TO BE SOLD BY

Archibald Cunningham,

At his Shop near the Draw-Bridge, Fore-ſtreet, Boſton.

ALSO,

New Raiſins and Turkey Figgs by the Cask.

CURRANTS, Citron, Mace, Cloves, Cinnamon, Rice, Oatmeal, Piemento per Hundred weight, Pepper, Almonds, Salt-Petre, Indigo, Starch, Pipes, Lyn Shoes, Wine Glaſſes by the Groce, Allum, Ginger, Copperas per Caſk, Redwood and Logwood per 100, Kippen's Snuff per Dozen, Kippen's Tobacco per Dozen, or leſs Quantity, Chocolate, Loaf and brown Sugar, Crown Soap, Muſtard per pound or in Bottles, long-handled Hearth Bruſhes, Florence Oyl per Cheſt or ſingle Flaſk.

With a good Aſſortment of Glaſs, Stone and Cream-colour'd Ware, Delph Bowls from half a Pint to three Quarts, by the Dozen or ſingle.

N. B. A Quantity of NUTMEGS to be ſold cheap at ſaid Shop.

Boſton, Printed by EDES & GILL. *in Queen-Street.* 1770.